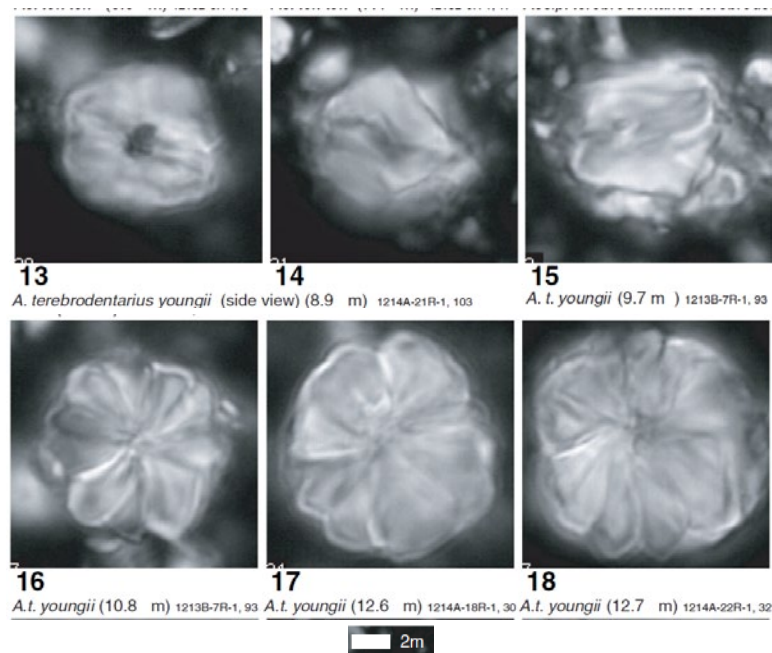


4. *Assipetra terebrodentarius* (Applegate et al. in Covington & Wise, 1987) Rutledge & Bergen in Bergen (1994) *youngii* Tremolada & Erba (2002) emend. Bown (2005)



Pl. P12, figs 13–18

Diagnosis: A large (>8.0 μm diameter) subspecies of *A. terebrodentarius*.

Remarks: A number of the specimens named *Assipetra infracretacea larsonii* by Tremolada and Erba (2002) are considered to be side views of *A. terebrodentarius*.

Range: Aptian, according to Tremolada and Erba (2002), and particularly abundant in sediments associated with OAE 1a. Recorded well into the Upper Cretaceous (Campanian: herein, pers. observ., and Lees and Bown, this volume), but the last common and consistent occurrence may be toward the top of the Aptian.

Bown, P.R., 2005. Early to mid-Cretaceous calcareous nannoplankton from the northwest Pacific Ocean, ODP Leg 198, Shatsky Rise. In Bralower, T.J., Premoli Silva, I., and Malone, M.J. (Eds.), *Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program, Scientific Results*, 198 [Online]

http://www-odp.tamu.edu/publications/198_SR/VOLUME/CHAPTERS/104.PDF