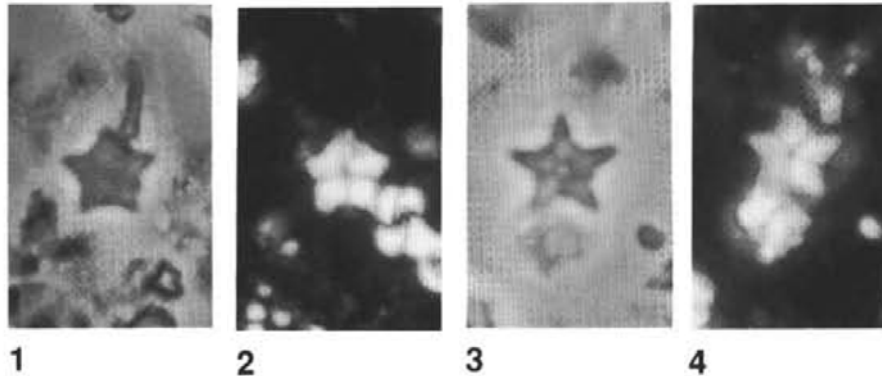


79. *Discoaster ono* Styzen (1994)



Pl. 1, figs 1-4

**Description.** Asterolith minute (1.5-4  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and symmetric with five bluntly pointed rays with the free length one half or less than the diameter of the central area. The central area is usually unornamented, but a slight knob is sometimes present. Between crossed nicols, the asterolith shows birefringence similar to that of *Discoaster pentaradiatus*.

**Remarks.** *Discoaster ono* is distinguished from *D. pentaradiatus* by its much smaller size and shorter bluntly pointed, nonbifurcated rays.

**Holotype.** The specimen illustrated in Plate 1, Figures 1-2, is designated as the holotype. This specimen, from Sample 135-834A-8H-2, 100 cm, displays typical development of rays and central area.

**Paratype.** The specimen illustrated in Plate 1, Figures 3-4, is a designated paratype. This specimen, from Sample 135-838B-13R-CC, shows atypically well-developed rays and central area ornament.

**Type level.** late Pliocene, Zone CN12.

**Type locality.** Lau Basin Holes 834A and 838B. Similar specimens are present in Pliocene sediments in the Gulf of Mexico (MJ. Styzen, unpubl. data).

**Epithet.** For many years, this species has had the designation "*Discoaster 6*" in the Shell Offshore Inc. nannofossil dictionary. It was suggested in the post-cruise meeting that the designation be retained but in a local language. The word "ono" is "six" in both Tongan and Fijian.

Styzen, M.J., 1994. Calcareous nannofossil biostratigraphy of Sites 834-839, Lau Basin. In Hawkins, J., Parson, L., Allan, J. et al. *Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program, Scientific Results*, **135**: 191-205.