

1. Actinozygaceae Rood et al. (1971)

Diagnosis: Elliptical coccoliths with an eifellithalid rim and a complex central structure consisting of either (1) six or more bars disposed symmetrically with respect to the major and minor axes (Subfamily Actinozygoideae, new subfamily), or, (2) four or more bars disposed asymmetrically in such a way that one end of the coccolith may be duplicated by rotation of the other end through 180 degrees (subfamily Diadozygoideae, new subfamily).

Rood, A. P., Hay, W. W. & Barnard, T. 1971. Electron Microscope Studies of Oxford Clay Coccoliths. *Eclogae Geologicae Helvetiae*, **64**: 245-272.