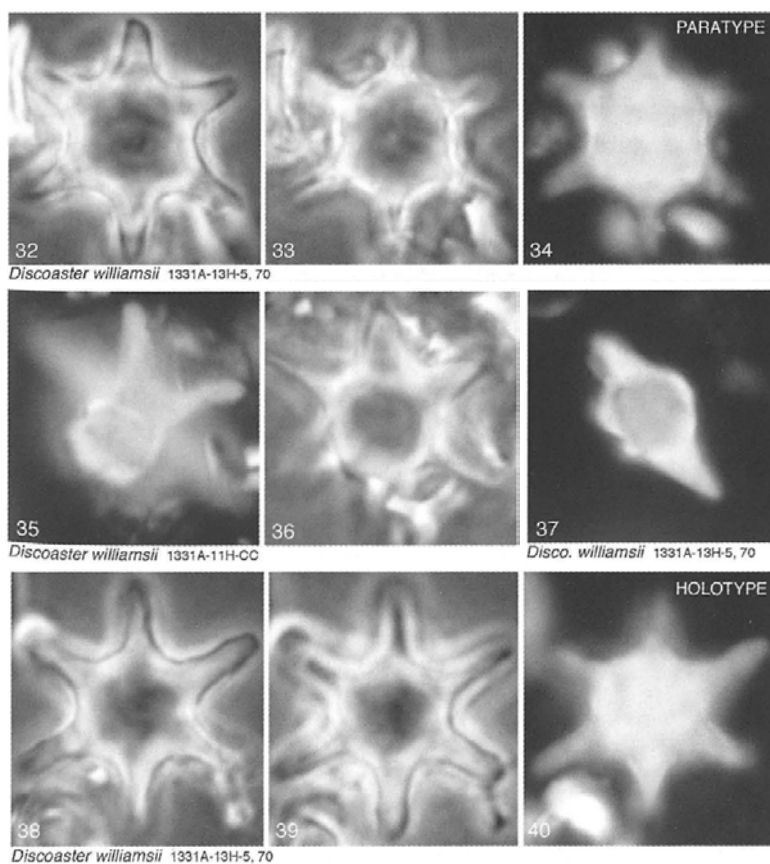


26. *Discoaster williamsii* Bown & Dunkley Jones (2012)



Pl. 8, figs 32-40

Derivation of name: Named after Trevor Williams (Lamont Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University, USA), IODP Exp. 320 logging staff scientist and palaeoceanographer.

Diagnosis: Six rayed discoaster with broad central area that is distinctly elevated on both faces. The rays are narrow and free for around half their length. Paired lateral nodes just before the ray tips are present in some specimens (Pl. 8, figs 38-40).

Differentiation: Distinguished from *D. nodifer* by the broad central area and large central area bosses.

Dimensions: L = 14.0µm (Paratype L = 13.0µm).

Holotype: Pl. 8, fig. 40.

Paratype: Pl. 8, fig. 34.

Type locality: IODP Hole U1331A, Pacific Ocean.

Type level: Middle Eocene, Sample U1331A-13H-5, 70 cm (Zone NP15).

Occurrence: Subzone NP15b-Zone NP18/20; IODP Sites U1331-1333.

Bown, P.R. & Dunkley Jones, T., 2012. Calcareous nannofossils from the Paleogene equatorial Pacific (IODP Expedition 320 Sites U1331-1334). *Journal of Nannoplankton Research*, **32(2)**: 3-51.