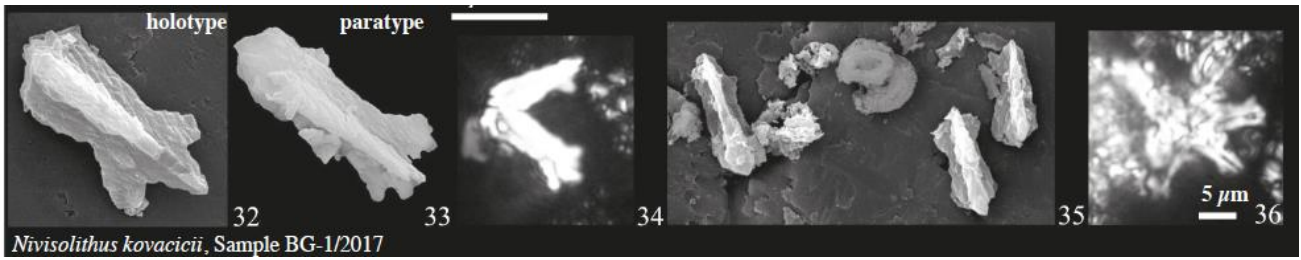


30. *Nivisolithus kovacicii* Ćorić in Ćorić et al. (2023)



Pl 1. figs 32–36

Derivation of name: In honour of Prof. Marijan Kovačić, Professor of Sedimentology, University of Zagreb, Croatia.

Diagnosis: Large species of *Nivisolithus* (<20 µm) with four to six rays. Each ray consists of three blades that run parallel to the length of the ray and are symmetrically disposed, with an angle of 120° between them. From the centre of the nannolith, the rays gently taper towards their ends, where all three blades of each ray terminate in a characteristic V-shaped notch. The calcite elements forming the rays lie parallel to the *c*-axis of each ray. The individual rays have triangular terminations at the centre of the structure.

Dimensions: Rays = 8–14 µm long. Holotype length = 12 µm, width = 5.5 µm where the rays meet, 8.6 µm at the notch. Paratype length = 12.5 µm, width = 3.5 µm where the rays meet, 5 µm at the notch.

Holotype: Pl. 1, fig. 32, single ray. Line-drawing in Figure 2.

Paratype: Pl. 1, fig. 33.

Type locality: Bukova Glava, Krndija Mountain, Croatia.

Type level: Sample BG-1/2017, NN6, Middle Miocene. Paratype from Sample BG-1/20, NN6, Middle Miocene.

Occurrence: Rare in, and restricted to, NN6, Serravallian (Late Badenian of the Paratethys), Middle Miocene.

Ćorić, S., Galović, I. & Matošević, M., 2023. New calcareous nannofossils from the Middle to Late Miocene of the North Croatian Basin, Central Paratethys. *Journal of Nannoplankton Research*, **41(1)**: 1-12.